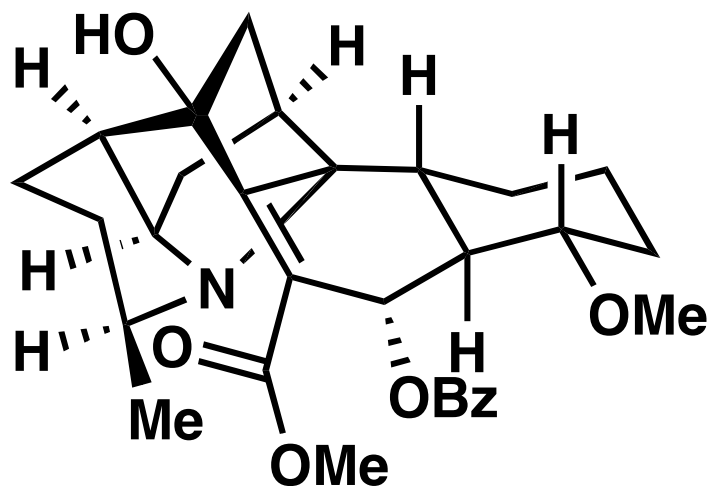


Total Synthesis of (–)-Himandrine

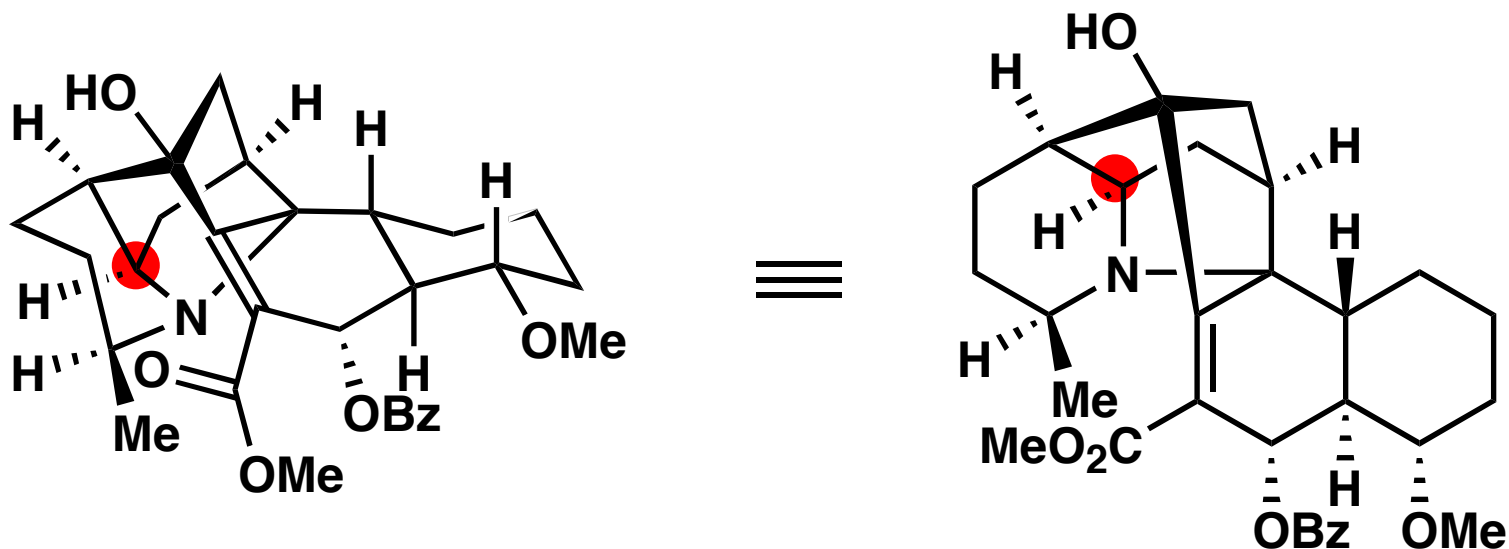
M. Movassaghi,* M. Tjandra and J. Qi

J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2009**, *131*, 9648-9650

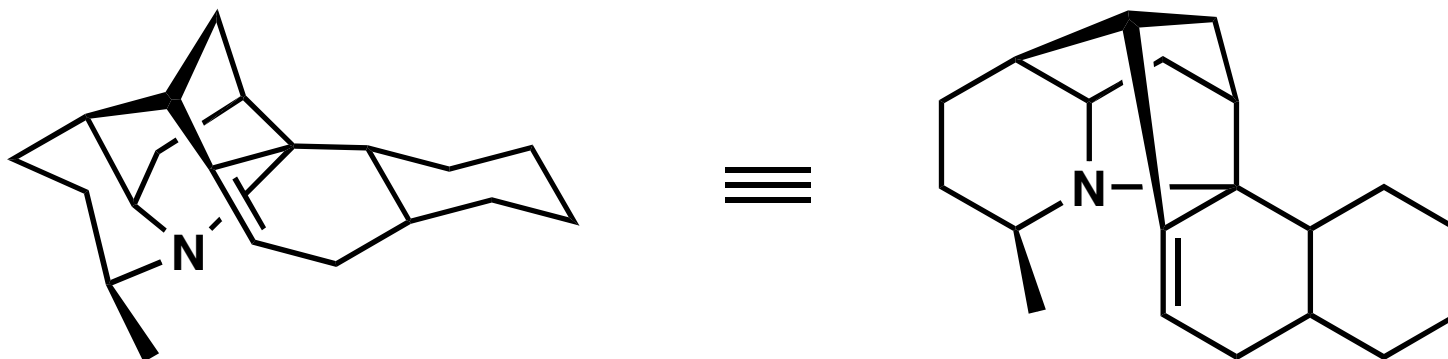


Adam T. Hoye
Current Literature
October 3, 2009

Structure of (-)-Himandrine



Carbon Skeleton Simplification:



Galbulimima Alkaloids

28 isolated alkaloids categorized into Class I, II and III

Characterized by piperidine moiety and “caged” structure

-Isolated from bark of *Galbulimima* belgraveana native to northern Australia and Papua-New Guinea

-Biological Properties- potent muscarinic antagonist

Papuans (who tend to use this drug the most) boil the bark and the leaves together with another plant, called Homalomena[2], in order to make tea...It is similar to strong marijuana which induces a similar slumber like feeling

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Galbulimima_belgraveana

Galbulimima syntheses

Class I syntheses (selected):

Hart (Ohio State) **1995**

Chackalamannil (Schering-Plough) **1996**

Baldwin (Oxford) **2005**

Class III syntheses:

Mander (Australian Nat. Univ.) : Galbulimima 13 (*racemic*) **2003**

Movassaghi (MIT): (+)- and (—)-GB 13 **2006**

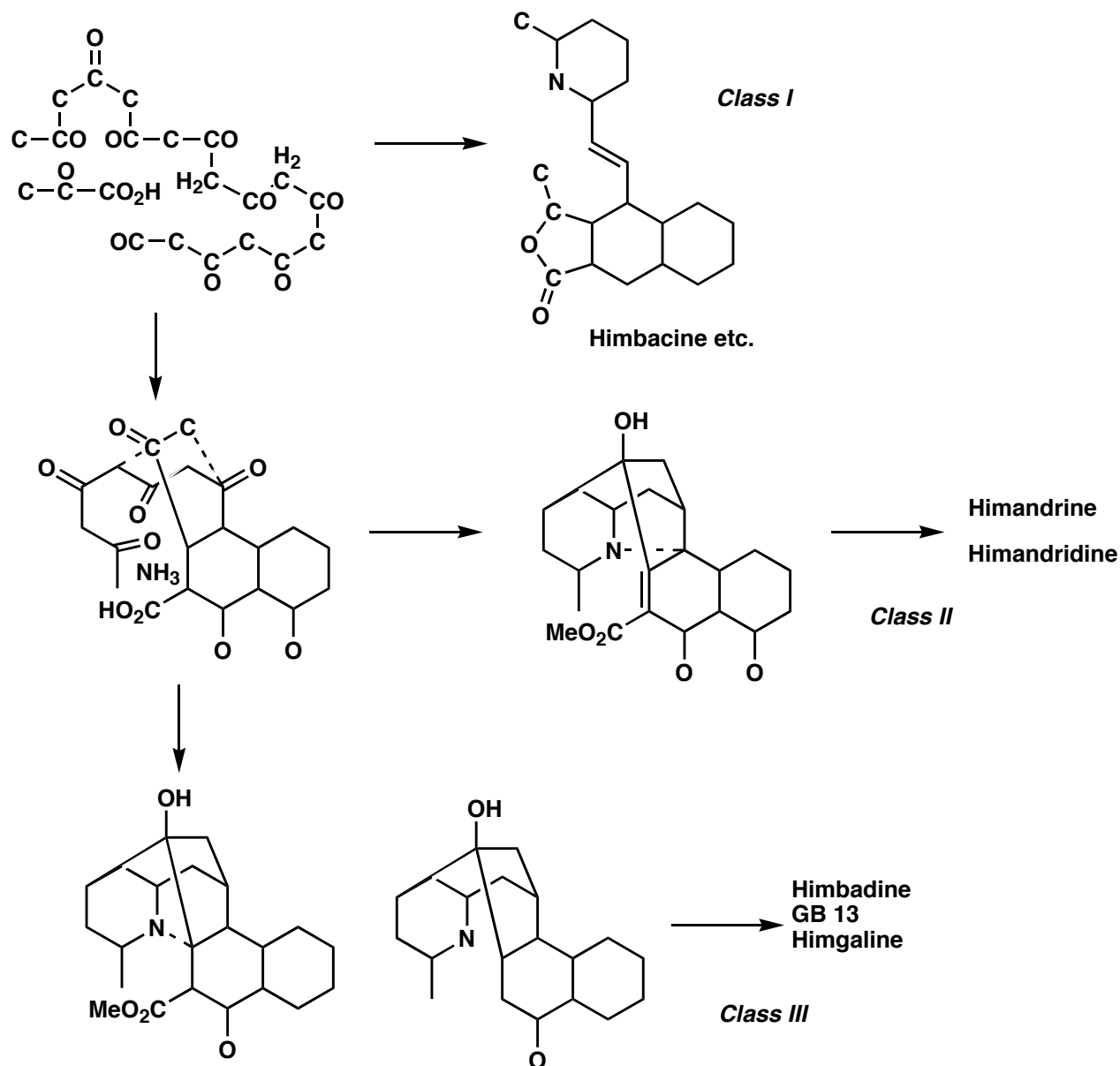
Chackalamannil (Schering-Plough): (—)-Himgaline **2006**

Evans (Harvard): (+)-GB 13 and (+)-Himgaline (*antipodes*) **2007**

Class II syntheses:

Movassaghi: *TITLE PAPER*

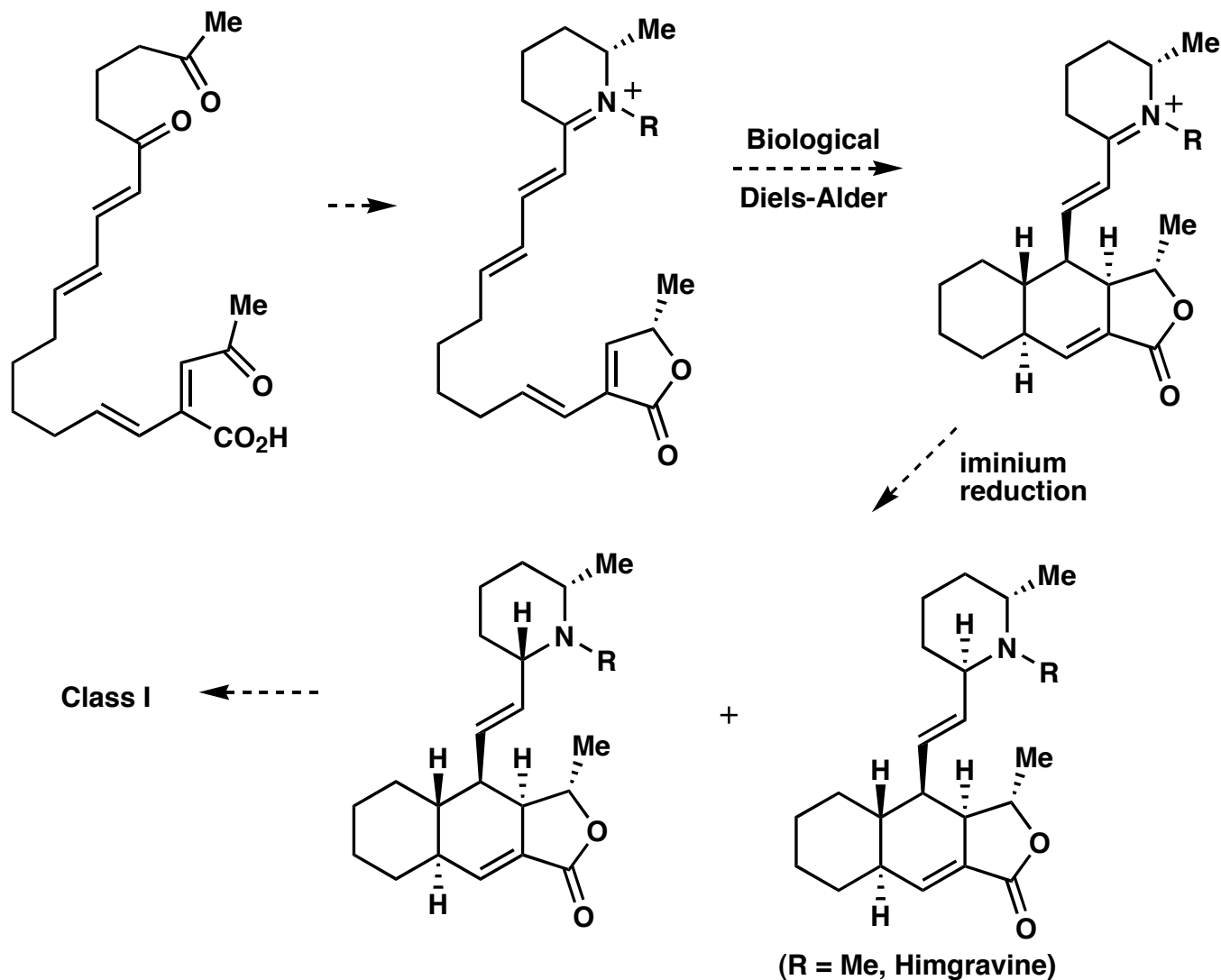
Polyacetate Proposal (Taylor)



Mander, L. N.; Prager, R. H.; Rasmussen, M.; Ritchie, E.; Taylor, W. C. *Aust. J. Chem.* **1967**, *20*, 1705-1718

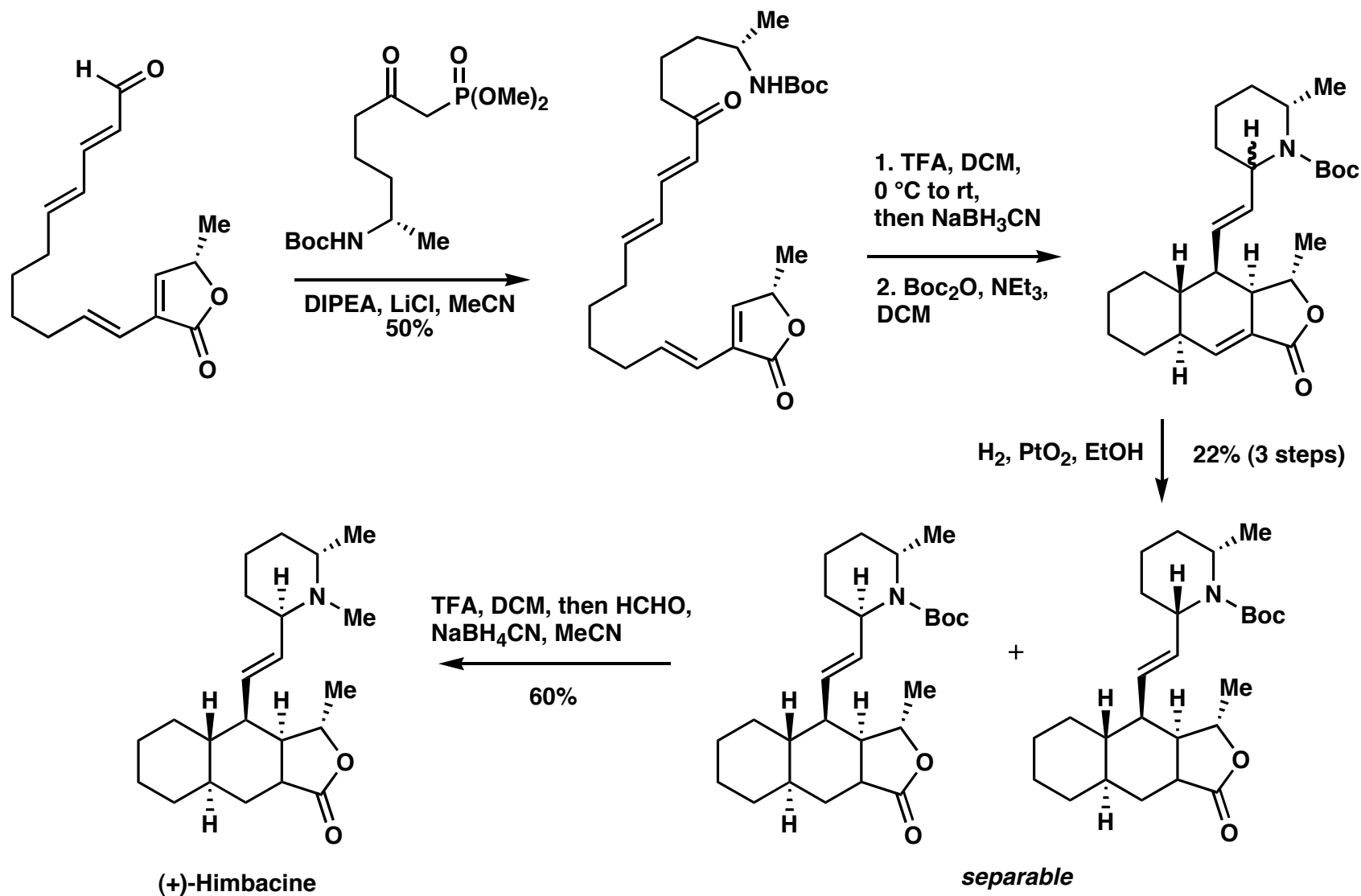
Baldwin Type I Synthesis

Linear polyketide precursor



Tchabenenko, K., Adlington, R. M.; Cowley, A. R.; Baldwin, J. E. *Org. Lett.* **2005**, 7, 585-588.

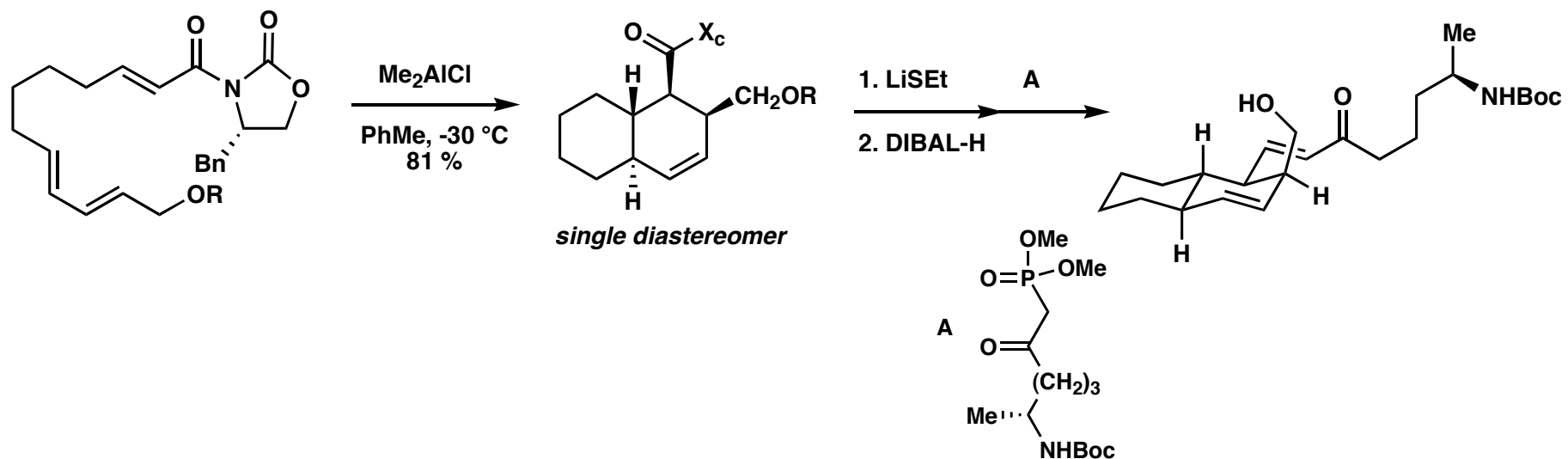
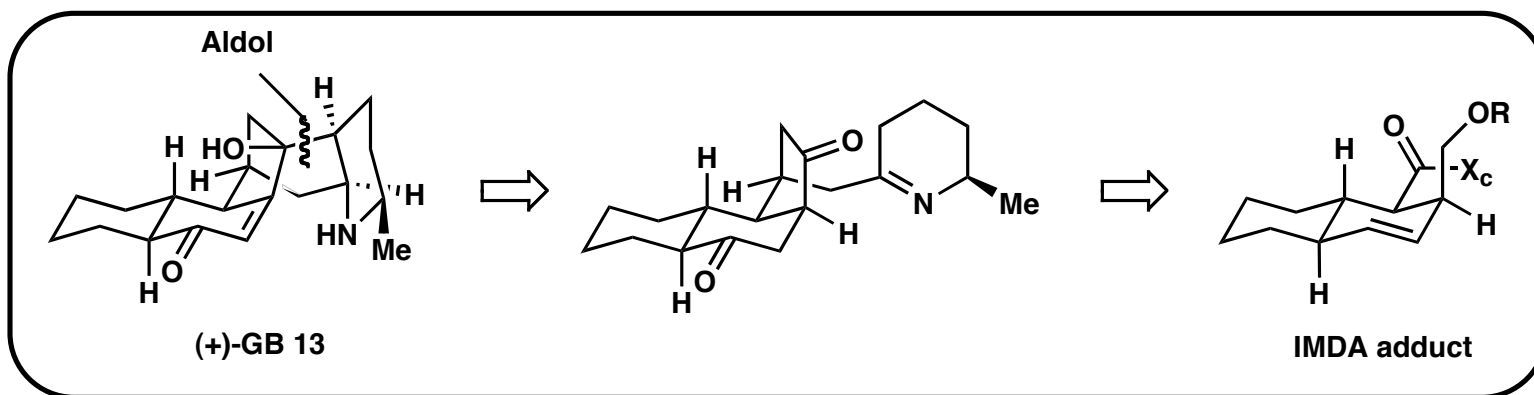
Baldwin



Tchabenenko, K., Adlington, R. M.; Cowley, A. R.; Baldwin, J. E. *Org. Lett.* **2005**, *7*, 585-588.

Evans' Approach

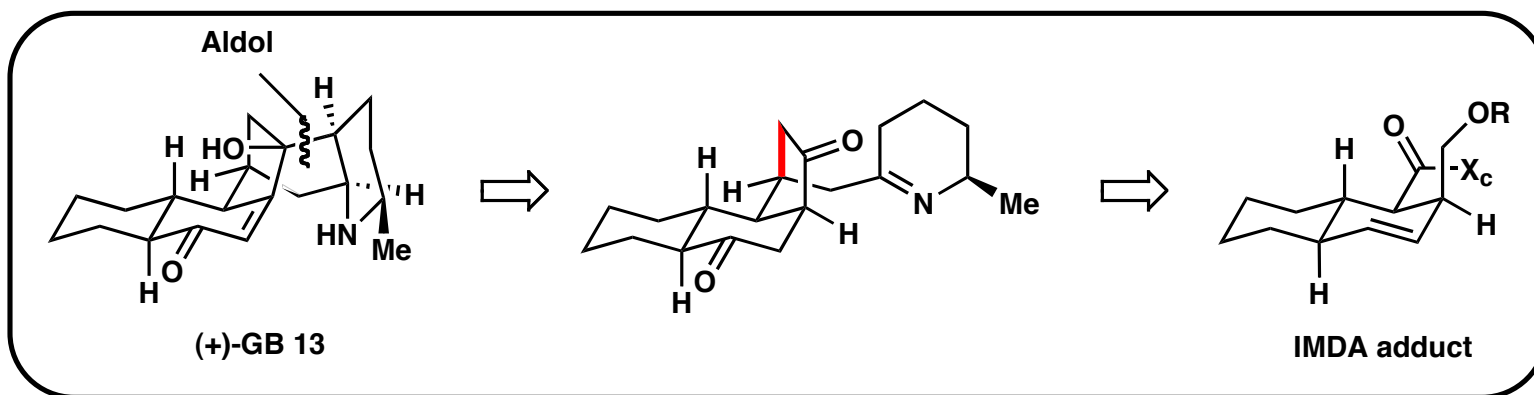
Class III: Galbulimima Alkaloid 13



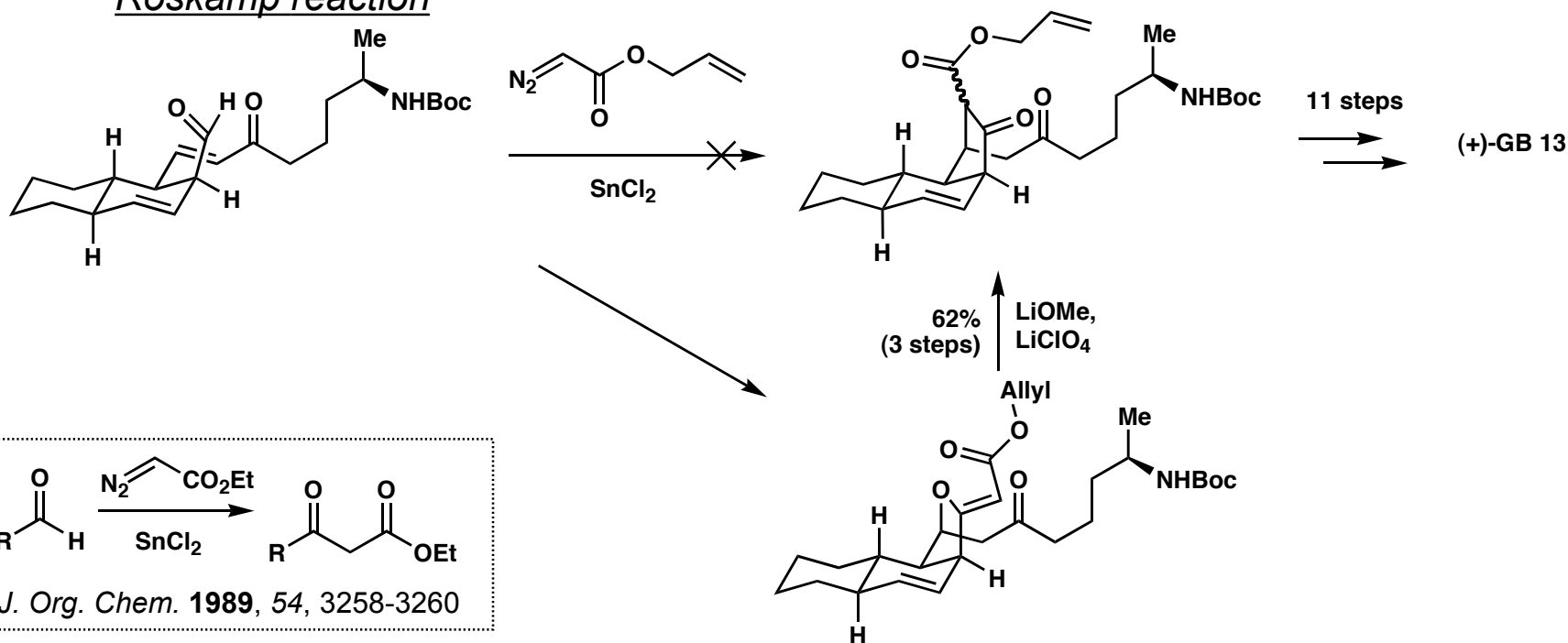
Evans, D. A.; Adams, D. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2007**, *129*, 1048-1049

Evans' Approach

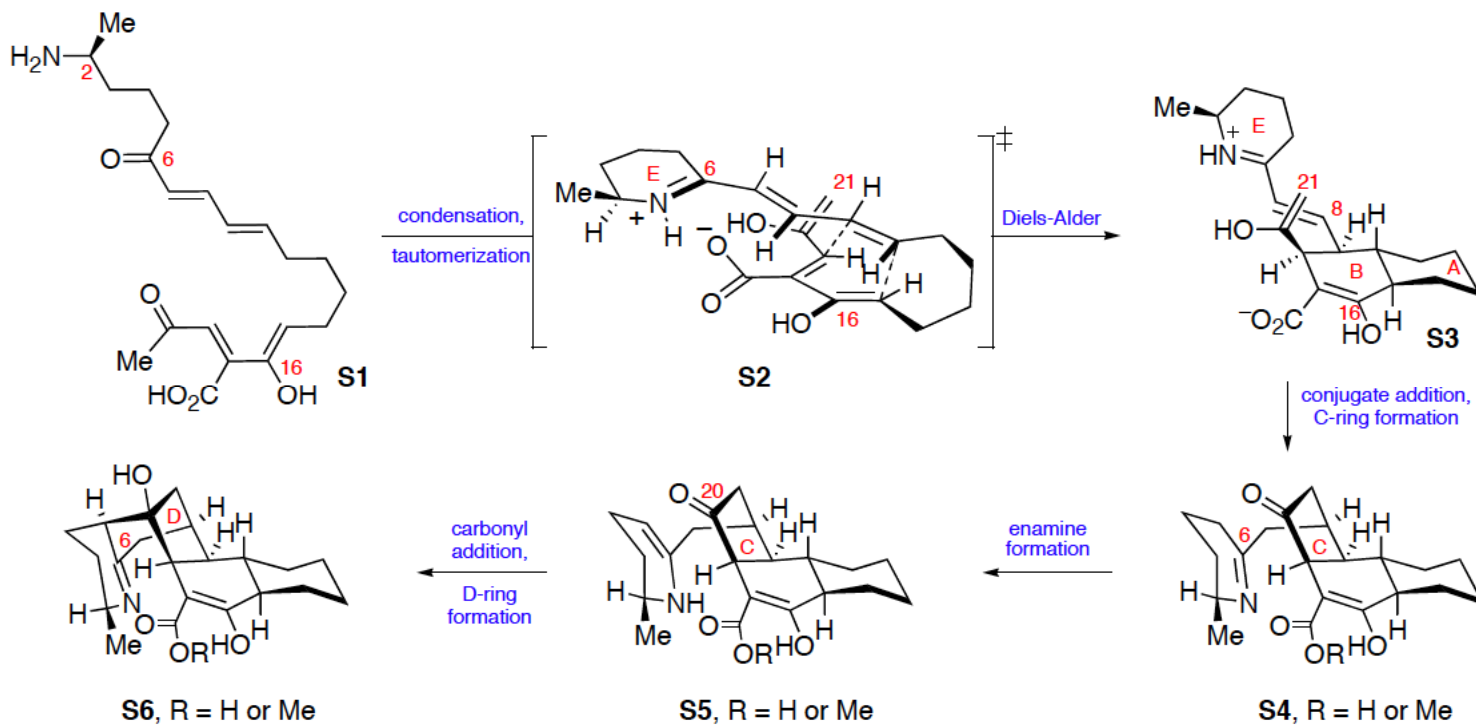
Class III: Galbulimima Alkaloid 13

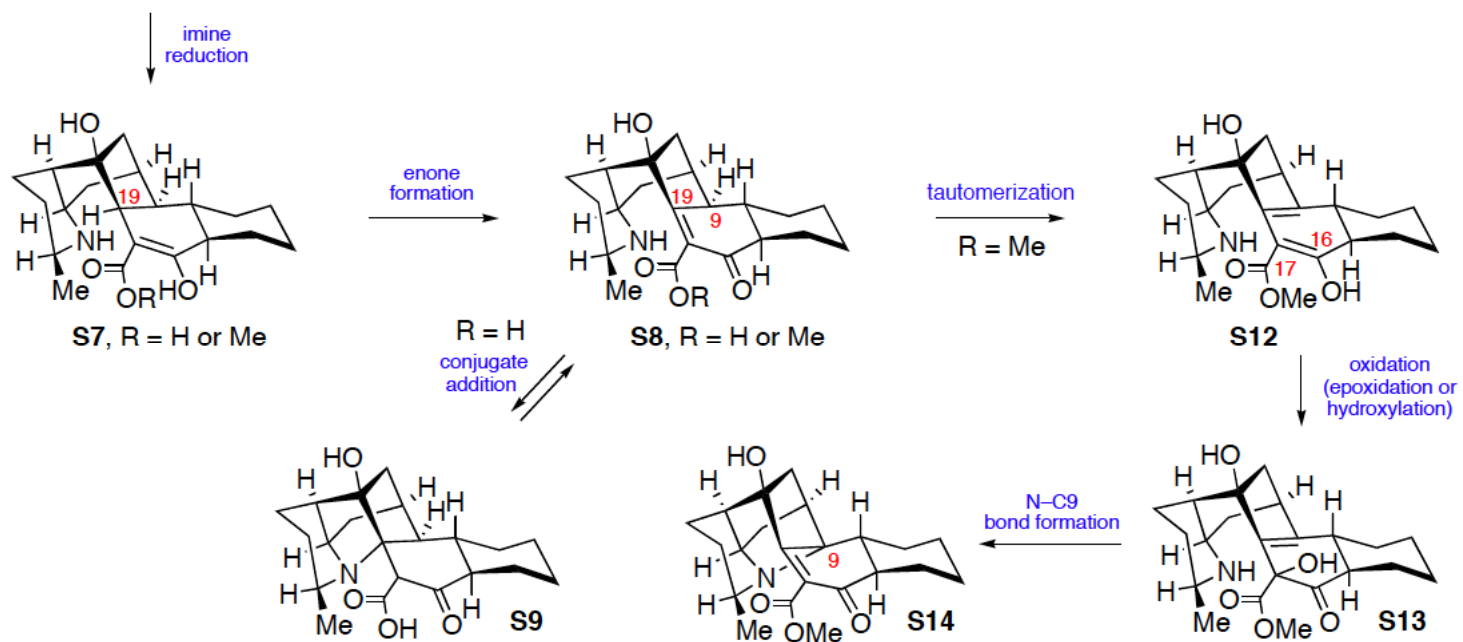


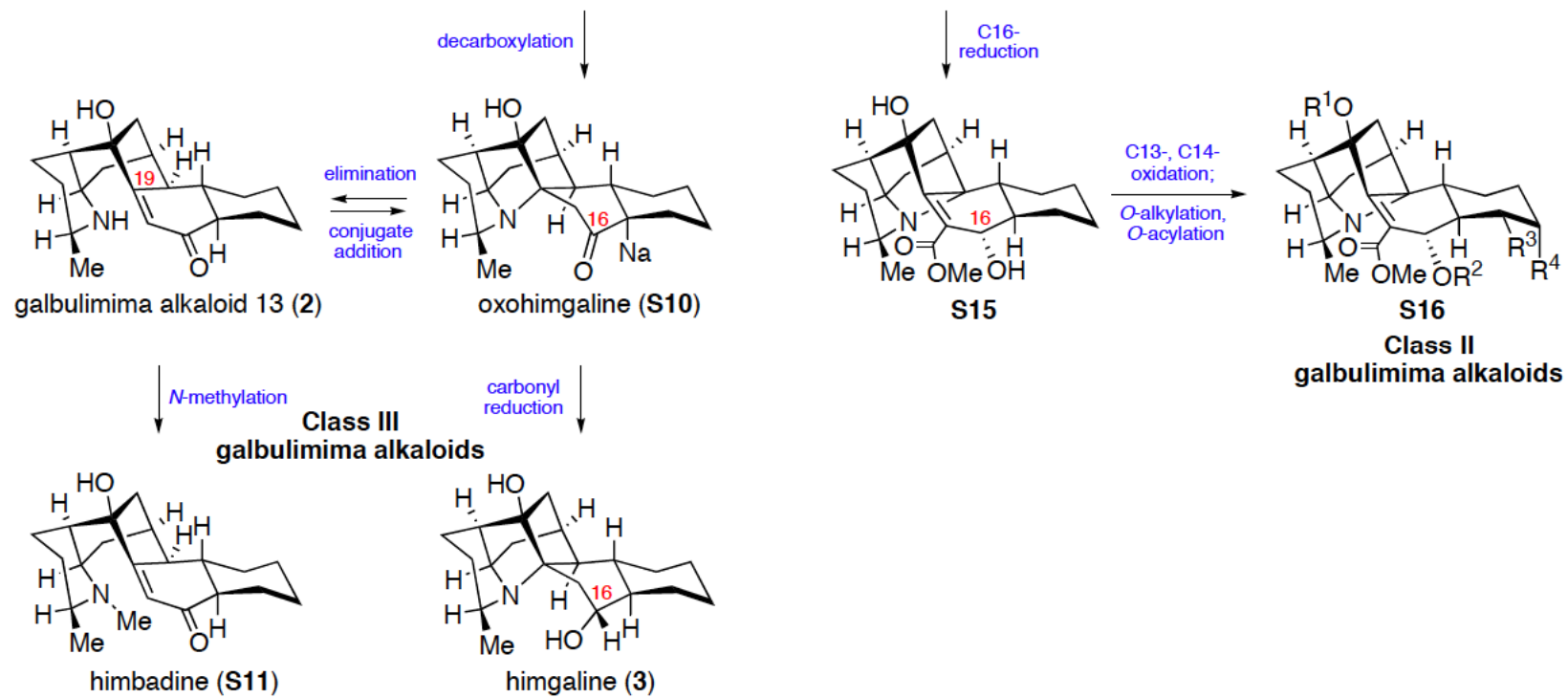
Roskamp reaction



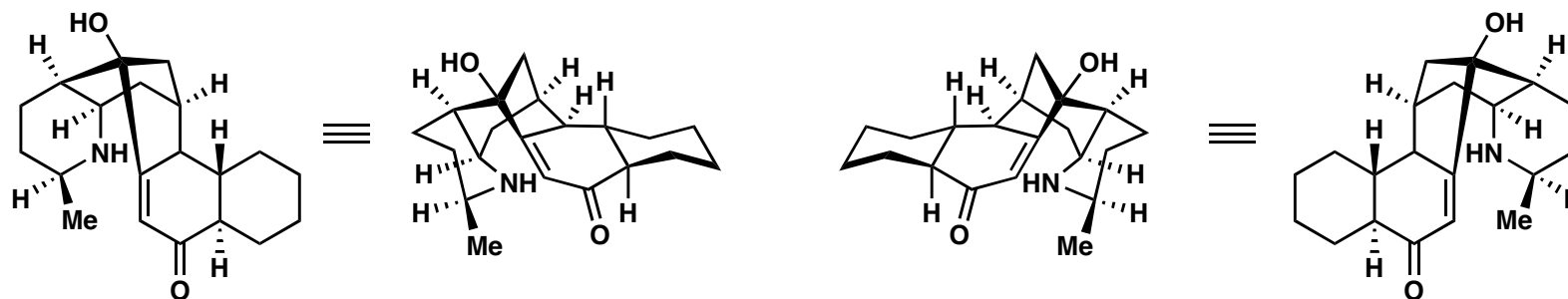
Biosynthetic Proposal (Movassaghi)



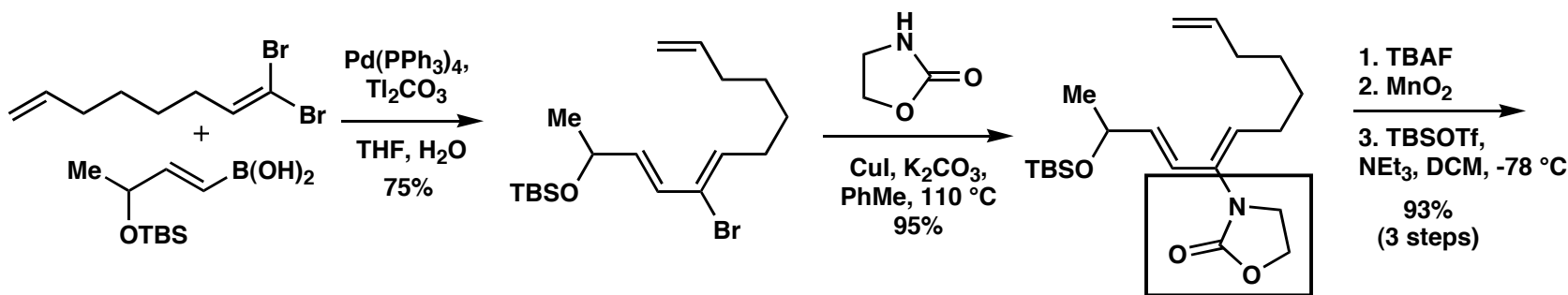




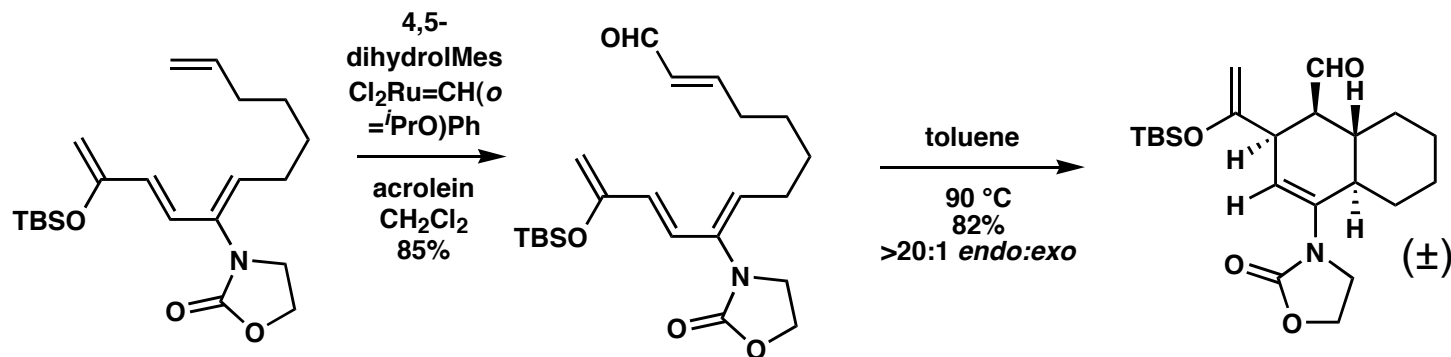
(+)- and (—)-GB 13 Movassaghi



(+) and (—) configuration?

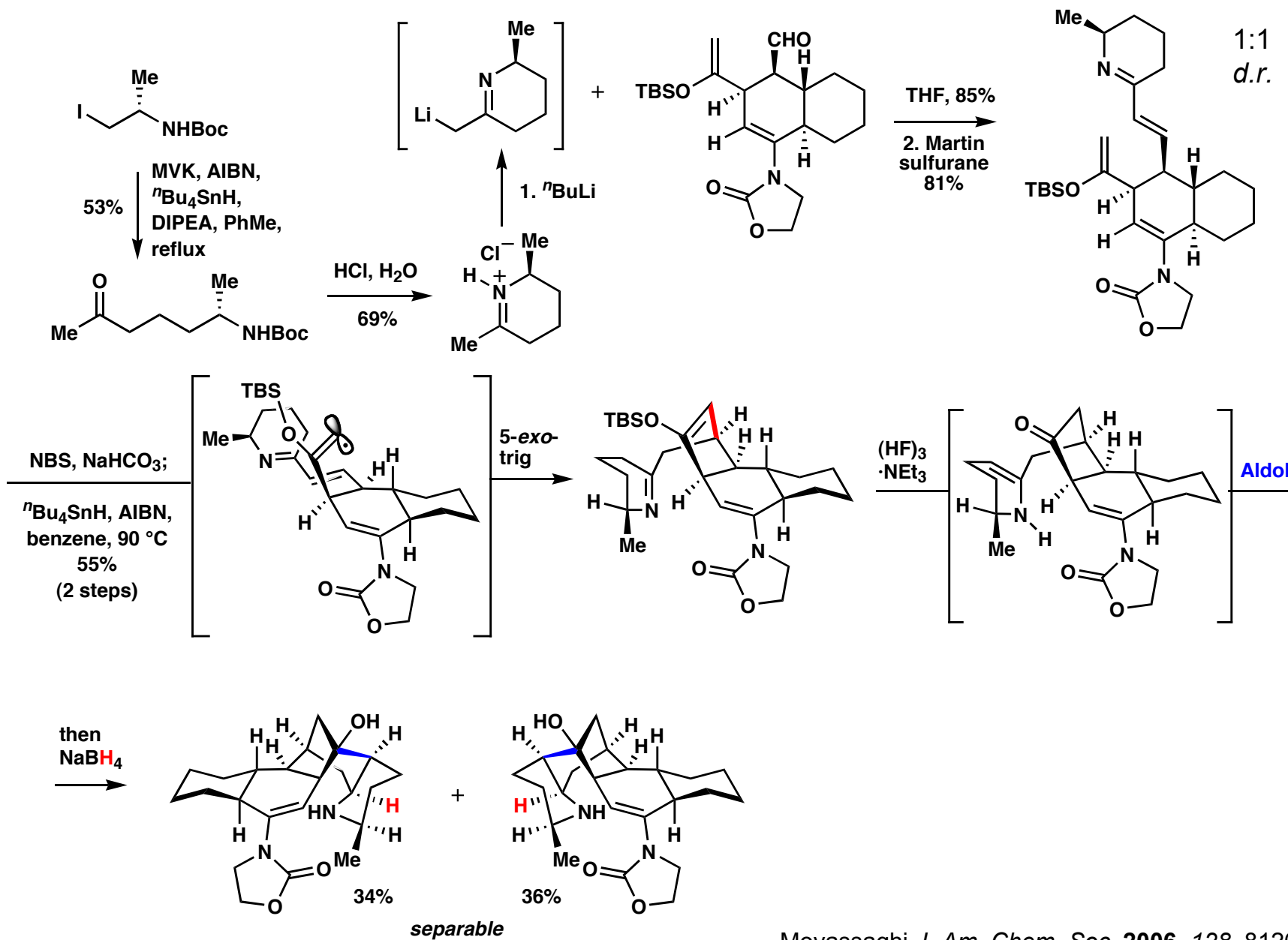


Carbonyl protection



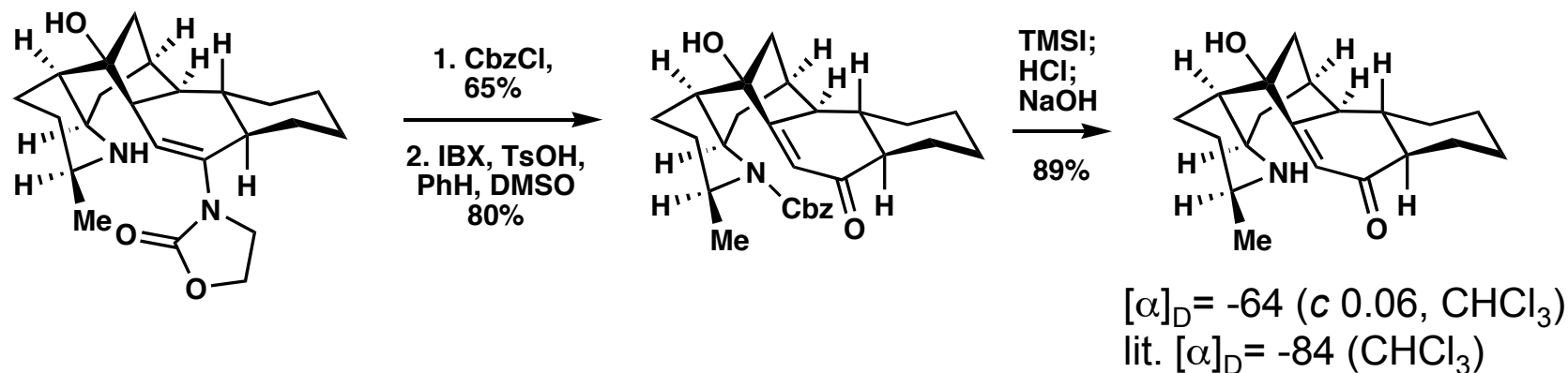
Movassaghi, M.; Hunt, D. K.; Tjandra, M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, *128*, 8126-8127

(+)- and (—)-GB 13 Movassaghi



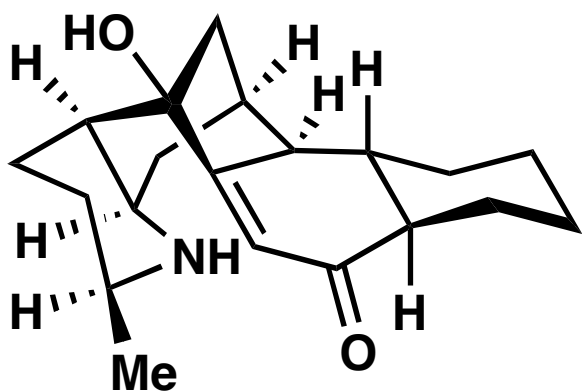
Movassaghi *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2006**, *128*, 8126-8127

(+)- and (—)-GB 13 Movassaghi

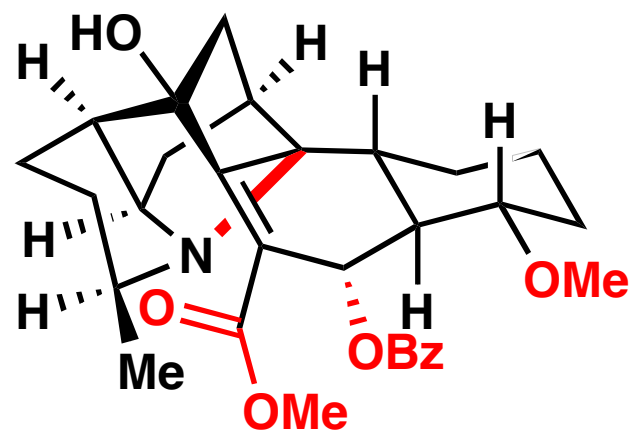


Absolute stereochemical configuration of (—)-galbulimima alkaloid 13 confirmed

Class II vs. Class III

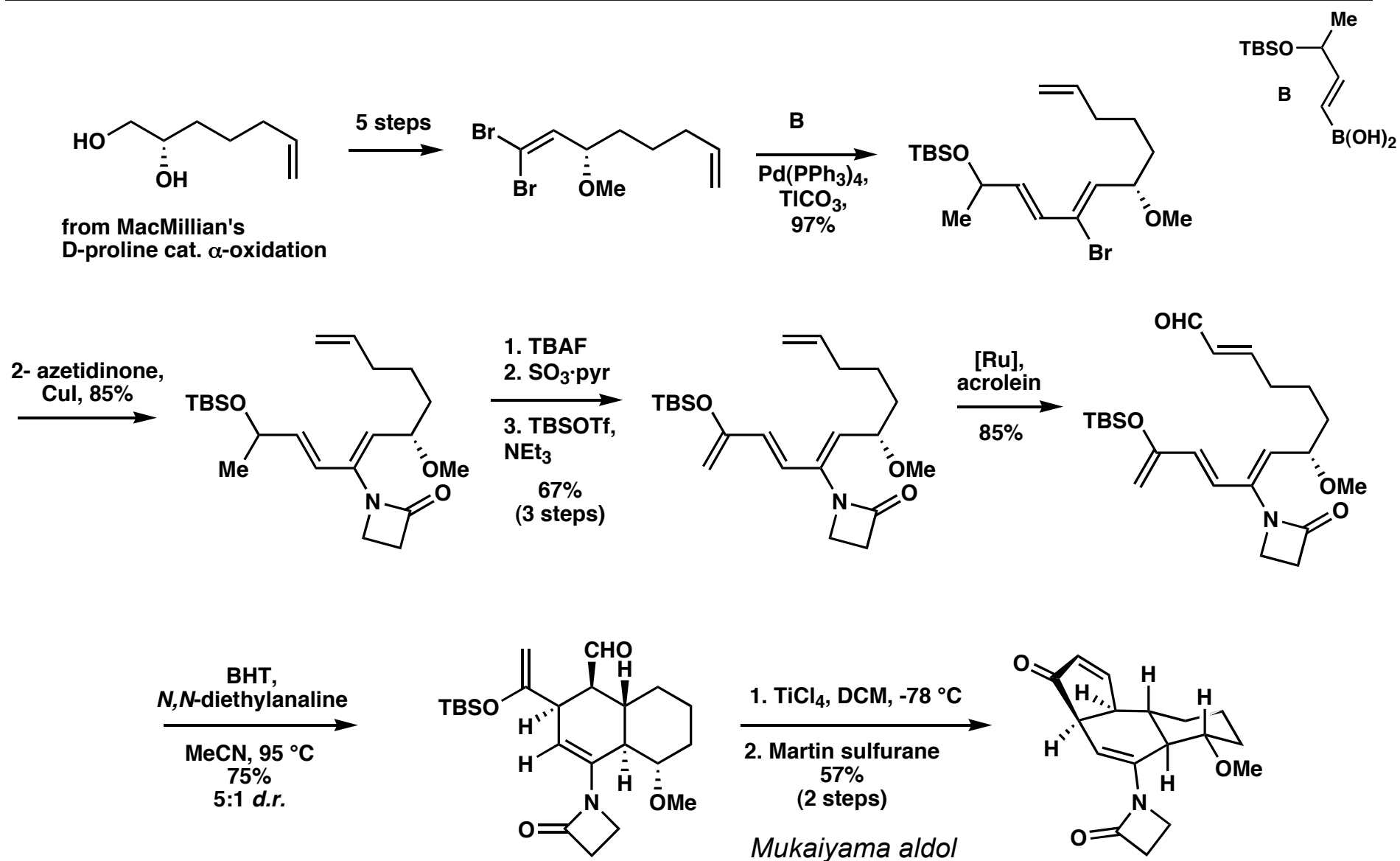


(—)-GB 13

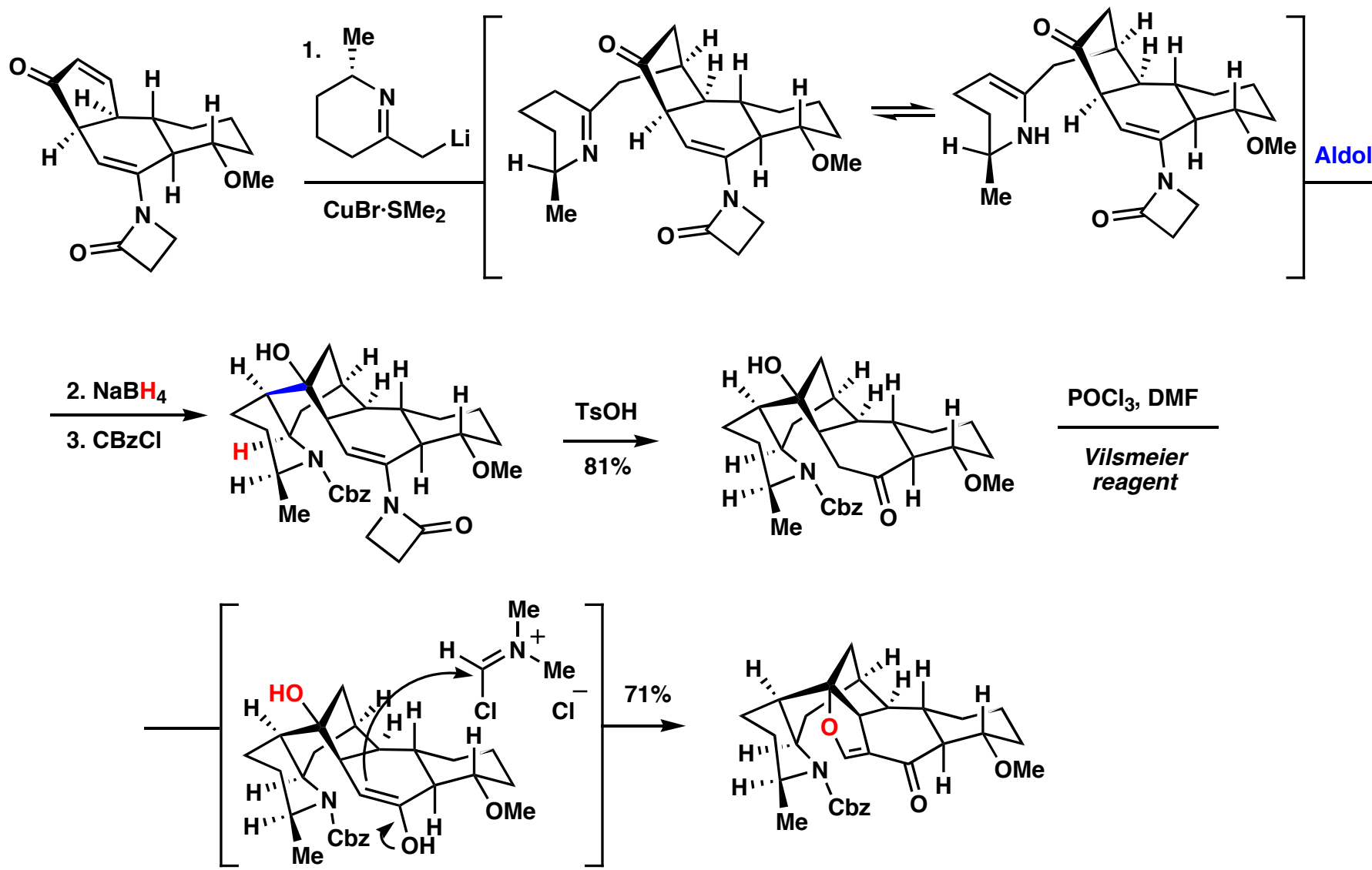


(—)-Himandrine

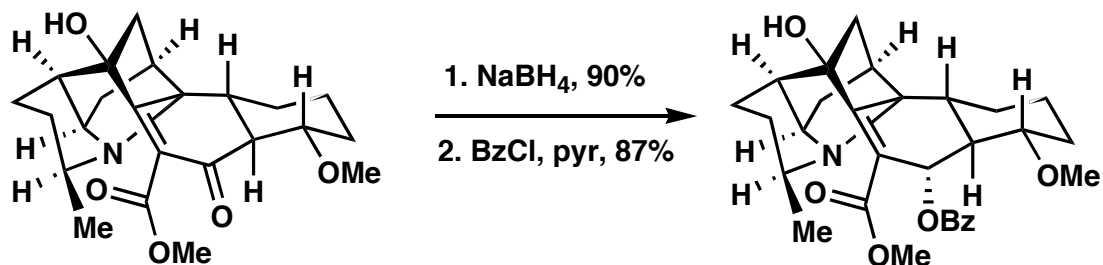
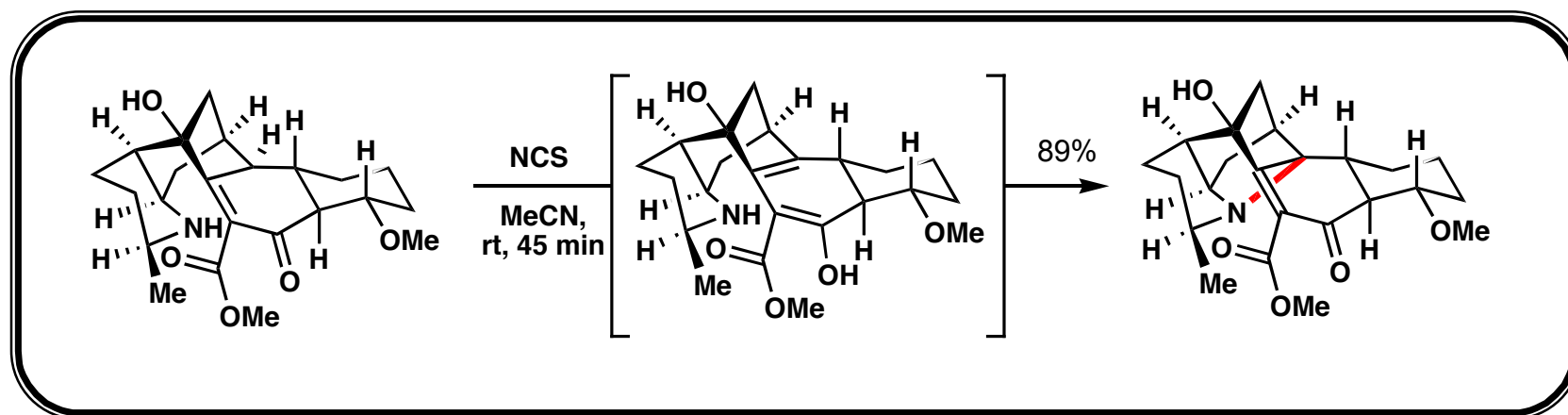
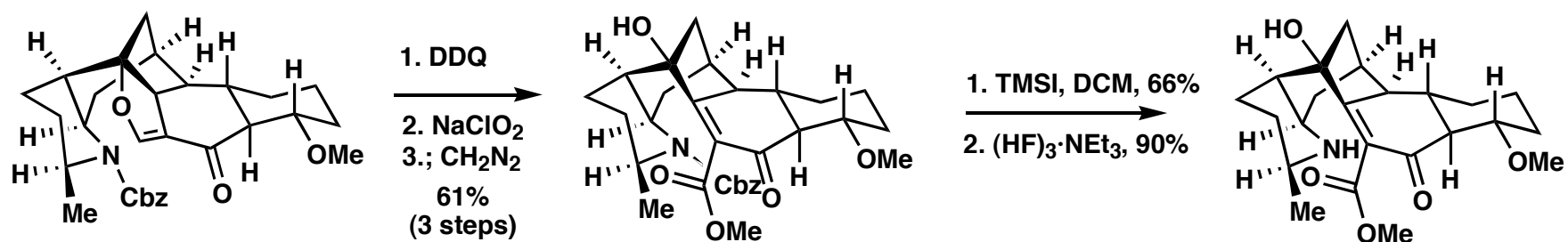
Title Paper



Title Paper



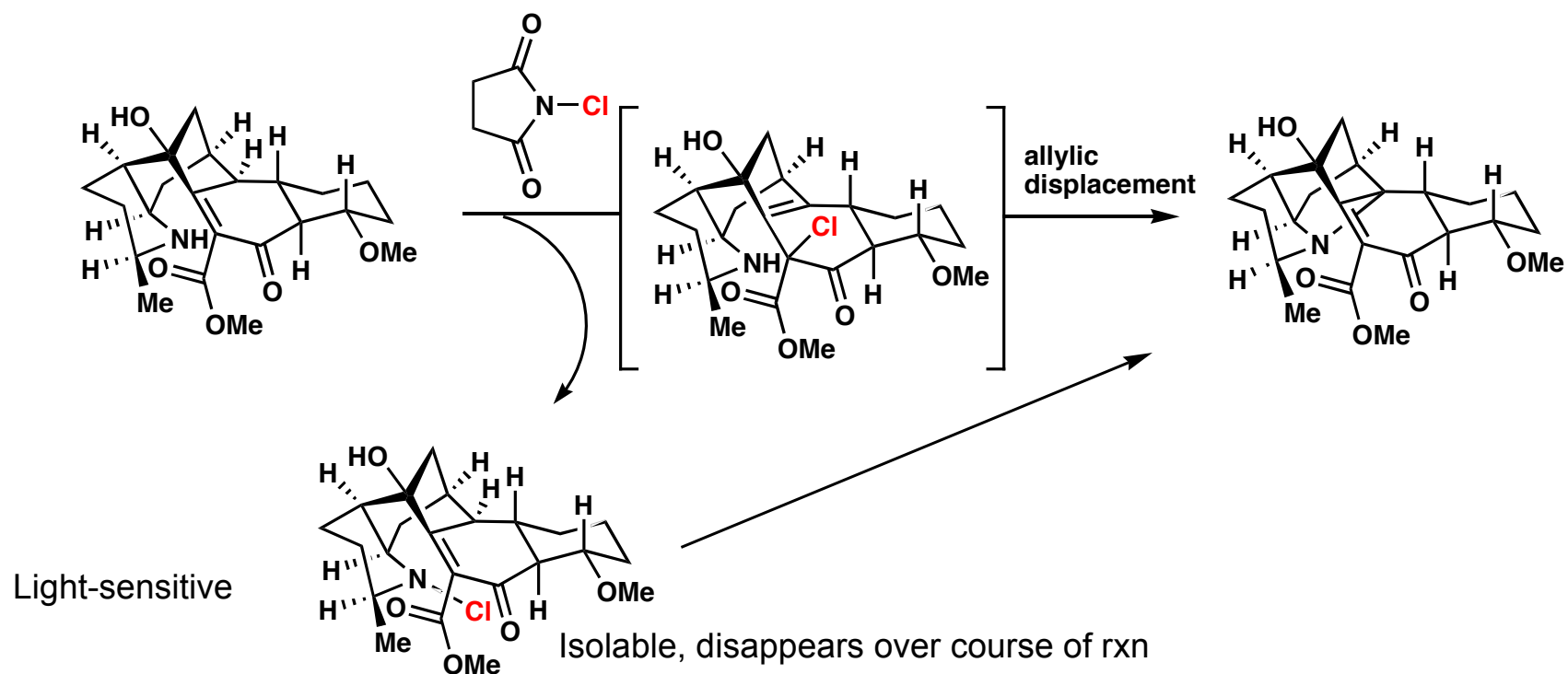
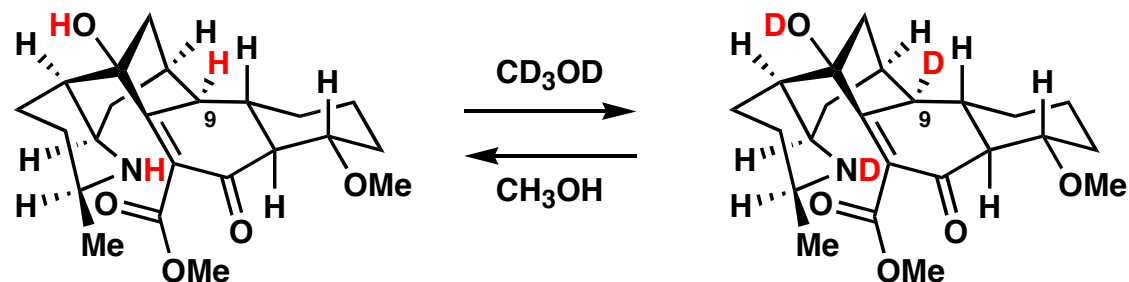
Title Paper



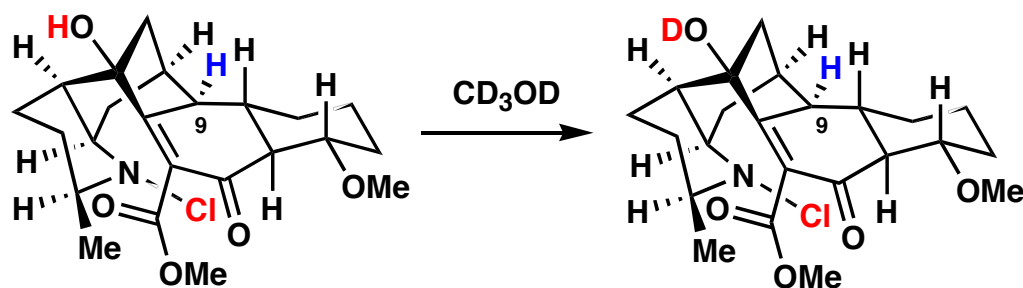
(—)-Himandrine
26 steps

Mechanistic Investigation

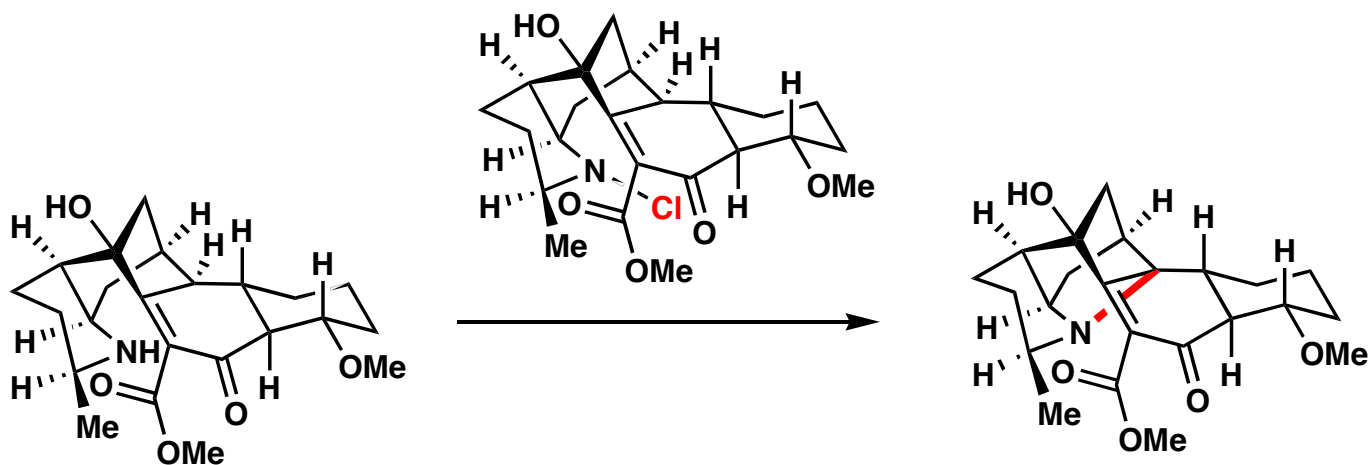
*Proton delivery assisted by amine
C(9) stereochem. config. preserved*



Mechanistic Investigation



*No C(9) exchange
(supports intramolecular deprotonation)*



Intermolecular transfer of Cl

Conclusions

- The first enantioselective total synthesis of a class II Galbulimima alkaloid has been reported in 26 overall steps
- Late-stage spirocyclic N-C(9) bond construction
- 2 key concepts- synthetic design and mechanistic investigation
- “Biologically inspired synthesis”
- Sensitivity of intermediates